SENATOR THURSTON'S VIEWS

HE BELIEVES THE MAINE WAS DE-

HIS SPEECH ON THE CUBAN QUESTION AN-

Omaha, March 21.—"If the time for the inter-vention of the United States in the affairs of Cuba is not here now it never will come," said Senator Thurston to a reporter this morning. "I have wired Senator Allen to announce that I will speak on the Cuban question in the Senate next Thurs-

The Senater says that the only solution of the difficulty is intervention, unless the people of the United States are willing to look on and see the work of starvation, already so far advanced, com seted. The reconcentrades are absolutely with-not hope, and if the death lists in any parts of the island are decreasing, it is only because the mate-

All that the reconcentrades can new do, with nomes and implements destroyed by fire; their little farms devastated and growing up in he Spanish sordiers, and themselves emaciated and meased, is to remain in their pens, with a look of sent by the charity of the United States. feetly true, says the Senator, that the ins practically have the whole island. Spanish hold is Havana, and even while

ator Thurston was asked what effect intersuburbs of that city. vention would have in increasing the volume of the insurgent movement. He said that it would have in that direction, for then the Cubans

on maids in Cuba, and had an opportunity to learn her temper with regard to the Americans there, is said that by the better classes, he and his sends were treated with respect and if any tierness was entertained it was kept concealed, it he had heard that by the rabble of Havang me insulting remarks were made with reference the ladies of their party.

proper and declare war at once."

It consider the blowing up of the ship an ar, and declare war at once."

It think the Administration would consent the either the general Cuban dispute or a of indemnity for the destruction of the arbitration." o not see how it could," replied the Senator, not believe it would."

Concord, N. H., March 21.-Senator William E. Chandler in an editorial in his paper. "The Con-cord Monitor" to-day under the caption, "The

cord Monitor' to-day under the caption. "The cord Monitor' to-day under the caption, "The people of New Hampslite, without distinction of part; a fixed by the defendant by the defendant by the selection of part; and the cord support of the Hampslite, without distinction of part; a fixed by the defendant by the

THE MARVEX GLOVE.

THIS NEW KID GLOVE IN ALL THE LATEST COLORINGS FOR SPRING, IS NOW FOR SALE BY B. ALTMAN & CO.

Fort Slocum within a few days. The men were taken from the different companies at the post, and their places will be filled with new recruits.

HOW TO AVOID YELLOW FEVER. IF SOLDIERS COOK THEIR FOOD AND BOIL THEIR WATER THEY WILL BE IMMUNE.

Chicago, March 21.-The Government has only to

issue an order to the troops to "cook your food and bell your drinking water" to render the whole American Army immune from yellow fever, according to Professer Edwin Kleks, of the Rush Medica; College, an account of whose discovery of yellow-fever serms was published a fortnight ago.

The Spanish soldlers in Cuba, among whom the mortality from yellow fever has been great, have eaten and drunk cocked and uncooked food and water indiscriminately. It is Professor Kleks's theory that if the simple precaution of boiling and cooking had been followed, the army would have been practically immune from the disease.

In the event of war with Spain, the American troops sent to Cuba would be forced to depend largely on food canned in the United States, which would lessen the danger considerably. It is Professor kleks's belief that the tamiliar injunction of the Chicago Health Department to "boil the water" would complete the safety of the troops from the disease, whose ravages are more to be dreaded than Spanish builets. issue an order to the troops to "cook your food and

CUBAN ARMY REPORTED STRONG. THE INSURGENTS WELL EQUIPPED WITH GUNS AND AMMUNITION-COLONEL SALCEDO'S

TRIP IN AN OPEN BOAT. Key West, March 21.-Colonel Salcedo, of the Tuban insurgent army, who arrived here yesterday after a severe experience in an open boat, said to

the lades of their party.

It also said it was the impression among Americal Harvana that the Maine was blown up by an estual explosion, and while he disclaimed having ormation from any official routives on which to man opinion he said that he had no doubt that estip was blown up from without. 'If,' he was led the report of the Naval Roard should be definitely ascertained, what course would advise?'

would, he answered, 'determine what would a proper indemnity, and demand it,' and a proper indemnity, and demand it.'

It he cuban Army is in excellent health and condition. General Calixio Garcia has 15:50 men in the Eastern Department, between Santiago de Cuba and Camaguey. These forces have twelve field-pieces, two dynamite guns and two million rounds of rifle ammunition.'

Colonel Salcedo arrived yesterday morning at Key West from Nassau, N. P., on the schooner Hattle Darling. He left Cuba with a companion, in an open boat, and after eight day's stormy passage they arrived, half dead from exposure, at Nassau. The Colonel is here on sick leave, and his companion is carrying dispatches from General Maximo Gomez to the Cuban Junta at New-York.

CONSUL BARKER IN GOOD.

WILL STAY AT SAGUA LA GRANDE AS CONSUL OR EX-CONSUL, HE SAYS.

Havana, March 21 - The United States Consul at Havana, March 2i—The United States Consul at Sagua la Grande, Walter B. Barker, in a letter just received nere, says he is not suffering from nervous prostration, but is in fine health and epirits, "ewing to the food supplies, which are at last on hand and sufficient to afford rellef.

Mr. Barker adds. "As Consul, or ex-Consul, I will continue here, giving all the ald in my power to these people, who have won all my sympathies." Generals Pando and Salcedo, it is announced at the palace to-day, "continue advancing with considerable forces of all aims toward Puerto Principe."

General A W Greek, the Chief Signal Officer of wall the confined to the transfer of artillery to man the fortifications recently completed.

General A W Greek, the Chief Signal Officer of wall the fortifications of that the confined to the transfer of artillery to man the fortifications of that city He rests will be pushed as rapidly as possible to complete that the make arrangements for installing the communication between the Spaniars of Coonel Tojoda.

The Spanish version of the affair says the insurgents lost four men killed, that the Spaniars of countries and that the Spaniars countries and that the Spaniars of countries and that the Spaniars of countries and that the Spaniars of countries and that the Spaniars captured from a visit to New-York here he went to make arrangements for installing the communication between the versions possible to complete the communication between the own will be given the communication between the own will be pushed as rapidly as possible to complete the communication between the own will be given the communication between the own will be given to make the communication between the own will be given the communication between the own will be given to make the communication between the own will be given to make the communication between the own will be given to make the communication between the own will be given to make the communication between the communication between the own will be given to make the communication between the own will be given to make the communication between the communication between the communication between the various position.

EX-CORONER COOMBS SENTENCE.

ONE YEAR AND SEVEN.

PENITENED.

Penitentiary and \$1,000 fine was the sentence im-posed on Edward B. Coombs for presenting as

Coroner a fraudulent bill for audit.

The ex-Coroner was pale as he was arraigned hefore Justice Keogh, in Brooklyn, at noon yesterday. Joseph A Burr, his counsel, asked for a new trial, and this was denied by the Court. Mr. Burr they said.

tion was called to the report in "The Concord Montion" his own paper, that the President was going
to send relief supplies to the Cubans, with or withcut Spain's convert. He said that such was his
information, and ne had every reason to believe
it was true.

TRAINED TROOPS FOR FORT SLOCUM.

T

BUFFALO

LITHIA WATER In Albuminuria of Bright's Disease, Albuminuria of Cestation, etc.

Dr. William A. Hammond, Surgeon-General (retired, U. S. Army, formerly Professor of Diseases of the Mind and Nervous System in the University of New York, etc., Wash-

There SUFFALO LITHIA WATER in the Albuminuria of Pregnancy with re-metable effect. When taken in large quan-ries influence in such cases is unmistakably beneficial. In one case of Puerperal Mania cas a powerful adjunct to the other mea us used to effect a cure."

"As a preventive of Puerperal Con- BUFFALO LITHIA WATER as most valvalidous and Puerperal Mania I regard he BUFFALO LITHIA WATER as most valshould with this view form the constant beveringe of pregnant women in place of ordinary water. I have had considerable experience with rise water has the remain of High Cs Disease.
I have vincessed the Alloundantria of the affection and also costs of the remain vessels disappear on
the use of the water, and this not only in a single case, but in several of which I have full notes. It
must be toose come also be taken in large quantities and its use continued for a considerable time."

Dr. William H. Drummond, Professor of Medical Jurisprudence, Bishop's University,

Acute and Chronic Nephritis Bright's Disease of the Kidneys of Gouty and Rheumann of Pregnancy I have Albus BUFFALO LITHIA WATER to act as a vertical act of the Chronic and I know of no other natural agent possessing this important quality."

Dr. C. A. Foote, of Warrenton, N. C., ex-Pres dent State Medical Society, formerly Member of the State Board of Medical Fxaminers, and clso of the State Board of Health:

The Bright's Disease of the hidness I have it many cases noted the disappearance of Albuminuria and casts. BUFFALO LITHIA WATER which I regard as the most efficacious of successful teachands. I have also extract the successful teachands. I have also extract the successful teachands. I have also extract the successful teachands of Pregnancy, and it is my hold to presente its free use in every one of pregnancy, under my care, whom y after the sixth month, and I have set to see 6my unlowered results where my directions were obeyed. This the safer is a preventive and antidotal to the causes producing Nausea, Hendache and Paerperal Convulsions, in my opinion admits of no question."

George Halstead Boyland. A. M., M. D., of Pars, Doctor of Medicine of the Faculty of Paris, in the "New York Medical Journal," August 22, 1896, says:

whether south BUFFALO LITHIA WAYER Spring No. 2, accompanied by a milk diet, in all the arms that as the last asset before confinement if this water and a milk diet are prescribed the albumen disc as the last week before confinement if this water and a milk ded are prescribed the albumented discappears rapidly from the urms and the patient has a positive guarantee against purposed convolutions. Used as a substitute for ordinary water during gestation, it will be found invaluable as a preventive of purposed convolutions and other disturbances incident to this condition. It is also an unbounted tone to both mother and child, albuying at the same time has a

BUFFALO LITHIA WATER is for sale by Grocers and Drugglets generally. Pamphlets on

Proprietor, Buffalo Lithia Springs, Va.

OBITUARY.

GENERAL GEORGE W. RAINS Newburg, N. Y., March 21.-General George W. Rains died at the Ramsdell homestead here today. He was born in South Carolina in 1815, and was graduted from West Point in 1842. He served in the engineer and artillery branches as assistant professor at West Point in 1846. In the Mexical War he was brevetted twice for gallantry. During the Civil War he served in the Confederate Army. In 1867 he was a professor in the University of Georgia. He married the daughter of Homer Ramsdell, and she survives him.

DR. ELIZABETH S. DALBY-NORRED. Minneapolis, March 21 - Dr. Elizabeth S. Dalby-She was born in Wells County,

On November 16, 1865, she was married to Dr. Charles H. Notred, a surgeon in the 7th Illinois In 1881 she was graduated from the

Ind., October 14, 1843.

Woman's Medical College of Calcago. Her stand-ing in her profession was represented by membership in the Illinois State Medical Society, the Illinois, Indiana and Kentucky Tri-Medical Society, the Illinois, Indiana and Kentucky Tri-Medical Society, the American Medical Society, the Society of Physicians and Surgeons of Minneapolis, Hennepin County Medical Society and the Minneapola Medical Society. She was connected with various hospitals and active in church work. The burial will be at Eikhart, Ill.

THE DUKE OF TALLEYRAND-PERIGORD. Berlin, March II.-The Duke of Talleyrand-Péri-

Napoleon Louis, Duke of Talleyrand-Périgord, of Sugan and of Valencay, a fermer Peer of France and best known by the name of Duc de Sagan, was born on March 12, 1811. He entered the French Army, and was ruised to the peerage in 1845. The revolution of February, 1848, caused his retirement

RICHARD HENRY CATLETT.

Catlett, a prominent lawyer, capitalist, coal operginias, died at his home here this evening from Bright's disease, aged seventy. He was treasurer and adjutant of the Virginia Military Institute at the outbreak of the war. He held close relations the outbreak of the war. He held close relations with "Stonewall" Jackson, and was on the staffs of General John Echols and General James L. Kemper.
Thirty years ago he foresaw the future possibilities of the iron and coal industry in the two Virginias, and made investments himself and was instrumental in bringing in large amounts of Northern capital. He was an associate of Collis P. Huntington in the reorganization of the Chesapeake and Ohio Railroad.

DR. JOHN DWYFR

Dwyer, lived in this city together for many years, until the latter, a well-known dentiat, died a few years ago. Dr. Dwyer was highly esteemed as a man and a physician.

STEPHEN Y. M'NAIR.

Cleveland, March 21.—Stephen Y. McNair, secretary and auditor of the Cleveland, Akron and Columbus Railroad Company, died Saturday night at the age of sixty-two. He was a brother of Admiral McNair, of the United States Navy.

London, March 21.-Mrs. Jackson, who became prominent in 1891 as the principal in what was known as the Clitheroe Case, is dead. She expired as a result of blood poisoning following an operation performed upon her foot.

ried in 1887 to E. Haughton Jackson, at Blackburn. They never lived together, she returned to 1888 Mr. Jackson returned to England, corresponded with his wife, and had one interview with her, but she steadtly refused to live with him. Litigation between the couple ensued, a decres against her Jackson and others seized Mrs. Jackson when she was coming from church at Clitheroe, and carried was coming from church at Chineroe, and carried her off to his house at Blackburn, where she was placed in charge of a nurse and closely confined.

Friends of Mrs. Jackson obtained a writ of habeas corpus, and she was prought before the Court of Appeal, which eventually decided, on March 19, that a husband has no legal power to detain his wife against her will. Mrs. Jackson then returned to her friends.

WILLIAM VOGEL.

William Vogel, a well-known tinware manufacturer of Brooklyn, was home was at No. 202 Keap st., in the Eastern District, died last night at \$ o'clock. About two months ago he underwent an operation for the removal of a cancer in the head, and it was thought that he would recover The grafting process was resorted to, the skin being taken from the arm of a medical student. Mr. Vogel began to improve after the operation. and his family was grievously disappointed when

after a few days his ailment took a turn for the There were few men in the Eastern District better known than Mr. Vegel. He was born in Brooklyn in 1839, and at the time of his death was a member of the Hanover and Union League the Exemut Firemen's Association, the Society of Old Brooklynites and the Manufacturers' Association. He was a trustee of All Souls' Universalist Church. He was a director of the Manufacturers' Trust Company, and of the Manufact-

facturers' Trust Company, and of the Manufacturers' National Bank. The firm of William Vogel & Brothers is composed of Henry J. Vogel, Louis Vogel and William Vogel, it.

Mr. Vogel began the manufacture of tinware in 182. His first place of lousiness was in Grandst, but he afterward removed to a place in Bertyst, and later to the Harman Building, in Kentance, About twenty-five years ago the business was carried on in Dunham Place. Henry J. Vogel, his brother, was connected with him in the manufacture of tinware from the start. Twenty years ago the site in South Ninthest was selected, and a four-story building was put up. Since then the building has been enlarged twice.

In May, 1866, Mr. Vogel married Miss Cornella F. Wheaton, He leaves a son, William Vogel, and two daughtets, Mrs. Gilbert Kitching and Miss Henrietta Vogel

PETER K MCANN

Peter K. McCann, formerly a newspaper man and politician, died at his home. No 200 Degrawat . Brooklyn, on Sunday night. He was born in Ireland forty-six years ago, and as a young man entered newspaper work. He wrote for many of entered newspaper work. He wrote for many of the New-York papers. Beginning in 1835 he served five terms in the Assembly from the district which at that time included the Third and Tenth wards. In 1831 he became Deputy Cirk, Going out off office in 1835, he became manager of the local bureau of the United Press. He resigned in 1836 because of ill-health. He had been sick for a long time before his death. Mr. McCann was president of the Irish-American National Union and the Clan-ha-Gael. The funeral will be held at St. Agnes's Church to-morrow afternoon.

MRS. BENJAMIN S. ROBERTS. Mrs. E. S. Roberts, the widow of Major-General

Benjamin S Roberts, United States Army, died at Fort Hamilton at I o'clock yesterday from old age Her husband served through the Mexican War with the Mounted Rifles. He came out with the rank of Brevet Lieutenant-Colonel, being breveted for bravery and heroism. He led the capturing party at Chatteleccia. In the Mexican War, Mrs. Roberts accompanied

her husband on the march of his regiment across the plains, when Fort Mahoney and Forts Wyoming and Walla Walla were established. His were the first troops to cross the Rocky Mountains, and they encountered many Indians who had never before seen white people. Mrs. Roberts was also Sa with her husband in 1835. He belonged to the 1st Dragoons, who crossed the State of Iowa to Des Moines. They went by way of Plattsburg. N. Y., to Harrisburg, Penn., by the Ohio and

Mississippi rivers. The trip was made by stage and packet, and took a month. Captain Boone, son of Daniel Boone, commanded the company, and Chief Blackhawk was at the post in Iowa at that time. Everything west of the Mississippi was then called the Indian Territory. Mrs. Roberts was with her husband continually up to the opening of the Civil War. During the war she was actively engaged in the work of the Santiary Commission, and was secretary of Central Society in New-Haven, which had eighty branches in all parts of the State.

The last years of Mrs. Roberts's life were spent with her son, Captain R. K. Roberts, of the 5th Artillery, stationed at Fort Hamilton. Three sons—Captain B. K. Roberts, E. P. Roberts, a civil engineer in New-York City, and Lieutenant H. L. Roberts, of the 15th Infantry, at Fort Wayne, Detroit—survive her. The funeral will be held at 2 o'clock to-day, and the address will be made by the Rev. Mr. Putnam, of the Episcopai Church, on the reservation. The burial will be in Manchester, Vt., where her husband lies.

SILVER CAUSE EMBARRASSED.

FOPULISTS NOT ENTHUSIASTIC IN SUP-PORT OF DEMOCRATS.

ADVANCE IN PRICES OF FARM PRODUCTS WEAK-ENS THE FAITH OF FARMERS IN THE SIL-VER ISSUE-AN IMPORTANT TABLE

[BY TELEGRAPH TO THE TRIBUNE.] Washington, March 21.—The embarrassments which Chairman Jones and his Populist-silver allies encounter in their efforts to make the silver the chief issue of the coming campaign mul country. The Populists are receiving the fusion proposition with coldness, and in many sections with absolute disfavor. In Minnesota the patriots who visited that State to urge the Populists to save the country by helping elect Democrats to of-fice, found no encouragement. On the Pacific Coast revolution of February, 18s, caused his retirement to private life. He was a Chevaller of the Golden Fleece, and was promoted to be an officer of the Jegion of Honor in 1867 as a member of the Board of the Exposition.

By his first marriage, with Alix, the daughter of the Duke of Montmorency, he had two sons, Boson, Prince of Sagan, and Adalbert. His second wife was a daughter of the late Marshall Count de Castellane. The greater part of the Duke of Talleyrand's life was passed at Berlin. and electing a non-fusionist in his place.

This plan of removing fusionists from the Na-Staunton, Va., March 21 (Special).-Richard Henry favor by the Populists in other sections of the country that a counter movement to prevent the complete elimination of fusionists from the National Committee has been begun by the presentation of a new rule, providing that members of the Na-tional Committee cannot be removed without the approval of that committee itself. Whether this plan will make it possible to whip the Populists into line for fusion in the interest of silver re-mains to be seen. Another difficulty, and a more serious one,

the managers of the silver campaign find before them is the declining strength of their issue among all elements of the community, especially the farm-When wheat advanced some months ago, in the face of the steady decline of silver, the ex-Hartford, Conn., March 2i.—Dr. John Dwyer died yesterday from rheumatic fever. He was a native of Ireland, and had practised medicine in this city since the close of the Civil War. He had never were due to the low price of silver or the absence were due to the low price of silver or the absence were due to the low price of silver or the absence were due to the low price of silver or the absence were due to the low price of silver or the absence were due to the low price of silver or the absence were due to the low price of silver or the absence were due to the low price of silver or the absence was made that the advance was due simply to a shortage abroad, and that it did not affect the claim that the low prices of farm products were due to the low price of silver or the absence was made that the advance was due simply to a shortage abroad, and that it did not affect the claim that the low prices of farm products were due to the low price of silver or the absence was made that the advance was due simply to a shortage abroad, and that it did not affect the claim that the low prices of farm products were due to the low price of silver or the absence was made that the advance was due simply to a shortage abroad, and that it did not affect the claim that the low prices of farm products were due to the low prices of silver or the absence was made that the advance was due simply to a shortage abroad, and that it did not affect the claim that the low prices of farm products were due to the low prices of silver or the absence was made that the advance was due simply to a shortage abroad and that it did not affect the claim that the low prices of farm products were due to the low prices of silver or the absence was made that the advance was due simply the claim that the low prices of farm products were due to the low prices of silver or the absence was made that the low prices of farm products were due to the low prices of silver or the absence was made that the low prices of farm products were due to the low prices of city since the close of the Civil War. He had never married, and it is thought that he had no near relatives in this country. He and a brother, Duniel ing upon the country. But now, that an classes of the class of currency which they had been urging upon the country. But now, that an classes of the characteristics in this country. farm products have, since the enactment of the Dingley law and the resumption of work in the factories, advanced materially in price, it is impossible longer to assume that these advances are a mere incident due to shortages abroad, or to utilize further the claim that the price of silver in some mysterious way governs the price of farm products. Even in the case of cotton it has been shown, as already indicated in this correspondence, that the low figure which it has reached is due to the enormous increase in production in this country and in the world, while in other articles of farm production there has been a marked increase in

These advances apply to practically all articles produced by farmers, and, as it was among the farmers that the members of the silver party made the greatest gains in 18%, they naturally are alarmed as to their ability to hold, through fusion in support of silver, the vote which they countrolled in that election. Not only do the advices received thus far show that they are not going to hold the Populist vote, but they also show that the silver issue has lost greatly among the farmers, who are now not only too busy and too prosperous to consider it seriously, but find in the general advance in prices an absolute refutation of the claim that the low prices which obtained during the existence of the low tariff were due to the low price of silver or the earlier discontinuance of its coinage.

That there has been a marked advance in prices of all articles of farm production in the face of the steady fall of silver since the date at which the Democracy officially demanded the restoration of silver, whose demonetization and fall in price, it asserted, caused "a corresponding fall in the price of commodities produced by the people," is shown by the following table, comparing prices of all farm products on July 10, 18%, the date of the adoption of this platform, with the price at present. It is compiled from the columns of The Omaha World-Herald," the special organ of the nominee of that convention. The first column gives the prices quoted in "The World-Herald" of July 19, 18%, and the second column gives the quotations of that paper of March 10, 18%, the figures in each case being the highest prices quoted by that paper of the articles in question, upon the days mentioned.

Table showing prices of farm products, as quoted farmers that the members of the silver party made

July 10.	Mar. 10.		lly 10. 1896.	Mar. 10.
2 1896.	1808.	Wool un-	*****	- Process
Bar silver		washed.		
(N. Y.) \$0 08%	\$0.54%		7	15
Heef steers . 4 lb	4.90	heavy		10
Cows 300	3 (4)	Wool, un-		
Heifers 3.00	4 10	washed.	1987	
Chicas b (9)	6.00	light	6	18
Rutte 2 90	3 75	Wool, tub	5.5	201
Stags 200	4.00	washed	. 18	30
Strokers and		Wheat. Neb.		77.25.57
feeders 3 55	5.30	and Dakota.	53	82
17 3 15	3.85	Wheat, No. 3,		
Strong shoop 3.25	8 (8)	by carload		7120
Veal 06%	08	(new)	50	80
Extra short		Rys	30	40
clear sait dry 01'4	06%	Fingsend	74	1 10
Regular do 04's	06%	Floor, best		
Rellies 04%	07.5	patent, per		
ari Calumet 04%	05%	100 fb	1.85	2 70
Theese young		Flour, second		
American . 00%	1119	best patent.	1 70	2 30
Nation steers, Office	07	Corn (car) +	18	25
Pork loins 0512	(4) 14	Outs (car)		25
Shoulders 04%	05%	Bran, per ton.		11 50
Green hides,	11.5000.100	Middlings		12.50
No. 1 64	0715	Chop. ten		10.50
Green hides,		Linseed meal		23 00
No. 2 03	041%	Chicago Markets.		
Dry hides 9	14	No. 2 red		2000
Sheep pelts,	8.70	wheat	5614	1 03
green 40	75	No. 2 cash		
	2%	corn	2614	2914
		No. 2 white		20 /2
Wool, washed, medium 18	25	oats	18	80
SHOWING COST 188		West, Still Store	-	400
		•		

SUPREME COURT DECISIONS.

OPINIONS IN A NUMBER OF CASES HANDED DOWN.

Washington, March 21-Justice Brown, of the United States Supreme Court, to-day handed down the opinion of the Court in the case of the Mc-Cormick Harvesting Machine Company against Aultman and others. The case involved the authorof a primary examiner of patents to reject claims of an original patent which were incorporated in an application for a reissue, the patents at issue being two covering automatic twine binders for harvesting machines. The Court held that upon the Issue of the original patent the Patent Office had no power to revoke, cancel or annul it. The officers lost jurisdiction over the patent when it was once signed, and did not regain jurisdiction by an application for a reissue.
In the case of the United States against Benja-

min Butterworth ex rel., the Court to-day again decided that the name of the successor of a Gov-ernment official could not be substituted by the Court for the name of his predecessor. The opinion handed down to-day went a step further, holding that this could not be done even in a case in which the successor in office was willing to have the change made, Justices Harlan, Brewer and Peckchange made. Justices Harlan, Brewer and Peckham dissented.

The case of J. W. Wilson against the State of North Caroline in relation of L. C. Caldwell was dismissed on the ground that the Court was without jurisdiction. The case involved the right of the Governor of North Carolina to remove members of the Rahiroad Commission from office under the State law of 1891, and this right was sustained by to-day's decision. Judge Peckham, in deciding the case, said that as the office was exclusively a State office the United States Court had to deal only with the question whether Mr. Wilson was deprived of any right guaranteed by the Federal Constitution. He had not been so deprived, and accordingly, the Court was without jurisdiction. The Court restored to the docket the case of Herman Keck, the Cincinnati merchant, who is under sentence of imprisonment for attempting to smugale diamonds into the United States through the port of Philadelphia. The decision of the Court helow was recently affirmed by a divided Court before Justice McKenna went on the bench. It will now be considered by the full bench on printed briefs.

WKANES LAST DAYS IN PRISON.

Warden Sage, of Sing Sing prison, has informed John W. McKane, the former ruler of Gravesend, that his term, counting the commutation for good behavior, will expire on April 30 next. McKane is new superintending his last piece of work in Sing ng prison. He is refitting the office of Warden ge in hard wood.

A Spring Cure.



If you have a clean set of digestive organs you can defy disease. If the inner being is as fair to look upon as the outer you will not need any nervines, compounds, or strengtheners.

The reason why you are feeling weary, worn and languid is because your body is filled with waste material and the organs of elimination are unable to expel it.

Your liver is deranged, your blood is impure. You are being slowly poisoned.

A tablespoonful of Kutnow's Improved Effervescent Powder in a glass of water every day for a week or two will make a marvellous change in your health. It will give the stomach, liver, bowels and kidneys a thorough cleansing. It will

give you strength to take your burdens up again. Kutnow's Powder is a spring cure. A bottle of it will do you more good than a barrel of nasty tasting mineral water. It makes a pleasant tasting, effervescing draught, which acts as a gentle aperient. It cures Constipation, Biliousness, Rheumatism, Gout, Kidney and Bladder Troubles, Heartburn,

Flatulence, Sour Stomach and all varieties of Dyspepsia.

I have tried Kutnow's Improved Effervescent Powder, since which time I would not be without it for all the gold in the Klondike. It is as fir superior to the dozen odd remedies I have tried for constipation as the delicate canteloupe is to the sad pumpkin.

No one can appreciate and thank you enough for putting on the market an article of such sterling merit, which not only does what is claimed for it, but more.

PAUL BEVER,
February 1st, 98. Citizens' Savings Bank of the City of New York, Nos 56-58 Bowery, City.

After having given your Effervescent Powder a thorough toal I am convinced that it has effected a permanent cure. Having suffered many years from Dyspepsia, obtaining relief from none of the "mealled remedier," I consider the prompt and decisive results obtained from the use of your preparation to be truly marvellous. I will gladly recommend its use to any one suffering from kindled disorders. Thanking you gentlemen for the distinct gladly recommend its use to any one state on truly yours, service you have rendered to myself, I am very truly yours, CHARLES BRANDT, 135 East 23d Street, New York.

A Free Trial.

For seven days from the date of this paper, Messrs Kutnow Bros., 13 Astor Place, New York City, will send a free sample of Kutnow's Improved Effervescent Powder, postpaid, to every applicant who names the New York Tribune, when writing; or they will deliver it to persons calling at their office. Sold by all druggists. Positively refuse substitutes. They are worthless.

KUTNOW BROS., 13 Astor Place, New York City, Sole Agents for S. KUTNOW & CO., Ld., Prop., 41 Farringdon Road, London, E. C., Eng.

RUSINESS IN THE SENATE.

OFFERED-MR. THURSTON TO SPEAK

ON CUBA

he announced he would offer to the resolution denouncing the recent murder of Baker, the colored providing for the annexation of the Hawaiian Isiands to the United States. The amendment prountil the question of annexation shall have been passed upon affirmatively by them. It is the amendtreaty and which is still pending

for information as to the number of all classes of pensioners, including the percentage of men, women and children carried on the pension rolls. In behalf of his colleague, Mr. Thurston (Rep., Neb.), Mr. Allen announced that on Thursday next at the conclusion of the morning business, Mr. Thurston would address the Senate on the con-

Among the bills passed were the following: To authorize the construction of a bridge across St. Francis River, in Arkansas, to confer jurisdiction on the United States Circuit Courts in certain cases; granting to the Washington Improvement and Developing Company a right of way through the Colville Indian Reservation, in Washington, to remit the penalty of \$12.82 imposed on the Union Iron Works, of San Francisco, because on the official trial of the Monterey the required horse-power was rot maintained; to pay the Union Iron Works, of San Francisco, for extra work on the Monterey \$14.742; to provide for promoting Captain William N. Tisdail, U. S. A., now on the retired list to the rank of major, to amend Section 1.370 of the Revised Statutes of the United States relating to the Medical Corps of the Navy, and providing that persons appointed to the Naval Medical Corps shall be between twenty-one and thirty years old; to authorize the use of depositions before Naval courts in certain cases, and to amend an act giving the consent of the United States to the creation of a bridge across Portage Lake, Houghton County, Michigan, providing that, under certain restrictions, all railroads shall have the right to use the bridge.

On motion of Mr. Hoar (Rep., Mass.), the Senate authorize the construction of a bridge across St

bridge.

On motion of Mr. Hear (Rep., Mass.), the Senate at 145 p. m. went into executive session, and at 1.55 p. m. adjourned

A PENSION BILL REPORTED. Washington, March 21.-The House Committee on

street bill, prohibiting the withholding, suspension, modification or cancellation of any pension except for fraud, clerical error, mistake of fact or refor fraud, clerical error, mistake of fact or re-covery from disability. The bill requires sworn charges in each case, the reduction of all evidence to written questions and answers, and prevents ad-verse action until the determination of such an in-vestigation, to be held near the claimant's home, at which the claimant and attorney are to appear. The committee has recommended to the House the allowance of a pension of \$100 a month to Katharine L. Cushing, while of Commander Cushing, U. S. N., who gained distinction by de-stroying the Confederate ram Albemarle.

SETTLEMENT OF RAILROAD DEBTS. BILLS RELATING TO CENTRAL PACIFIC AND

SIOUX CITY AND PACIFIC TO BE REPORTED.

Washington, March 21.-The Senate Committee on Pacific Railroads to-day decided to report the bills for settlement of the Central Pacific and the Sloux City and Pacific debts. The Secretary of the Treasury, the Secretary of the Interior and the Attorney-General are created a commission to settle the debts and to make such extensions as may be necessary to secure the Government's interest. be necessary to secure the Government's interest. In the case of the Central Pacific an amendment was adopted providing that the full amount of the Government's principal and interest must be paid. No limitation was placed on the Sioux City and Pacific, and it is probable that Senators Morgan and Harris will make a minority report in favor of a restriction similar to that placed on the Central Pacific settlement.

NEW FOURTH-CLASS POSTMASTERS. Washington, March 21 -- Among the fourth-class postmasters appointed to-day were the following:

New-Jersey-Wilburtha, Joseph D. Mitchell. Sing prison. He is refitting the office of Warden Sage in hard wood.

McKane is making his preparations to leave the prison. He says that as soon as he is discouraged he will return to his old home and engage actively in business. He says he will become a contractor and builder and has been assured of support by his friends.

New-York—Callicoon Depot, Gertrude W. Eickhoff; Canaserage, Adolph Bluestone; Dongan Hills, E. R. Colebrook, Kidder's, James V. Quick; Marcollevellus, Frank J. Lawless, Second Mile, Stephen M. Rector; Wallkill, E. B. Dubois; Wawarsing, H. C. Terwilliger; Whitneld, Luther Quick; Willard, John J. Mahoney. New-York-Callicoon Depot, Gertrude W. Eick-

MURDER OF BAKER DENOUNCED.

AN AMENDMENT TO THE HAWAMAN RESOLUTION THE PRESIDENT ASSURES MRS. BARNETT THAT EVERYTHING POSSESLE IS BEING DONE TO DETECT THE ASSASSINS

Washington, March 21 - After the transaction of Washington March 21.-Mrs. Ida B. Wells Barnett some routine business in the Senate to-day Mr. to-day presented to President McKinley a set of Bacon (Dem., Ga.) introduced an amendment which resolutions adopted at a mass-meeting in Chicago, vides that the resolution shall not be effective petrators of the crime to justice. Mrs. Barnett, until the question of annexation shall have been who has been actively engaged for several years in submitted to the qualified electors of Hawaii and arousing public sentiment on the lynching question, ment which Mr. Bacon offered to the Hawaiian Mason and Representatives Belknap, Lorimer, Mills, Foss, White, Boutell, and Mann, of the Mr. Allen (Pop., Neb.) secured the passage of a | Illinois delegation, President McKinley assured Mrs. resolution calling on the Secretary of the Interior | Barnett that both the Postoffice Department and the Department of Justice were doing all in their power to ferret out and punish the members of the mob, and that the Attorney-General was now con-sidering what further steps the Government could take within the limits of Federal jurisdiction,

ENGLAND NOT AFTER HAWAIL

A FORMAL DENIAL MADE OF THE FOREIGN RB-LATIONS COMMITTEE'S STATEMENT.

Washington, March 21.-Much surprise has been created in England by the passage in the recent report of the Senate Committee on Foreign Relations respecting the attitude of Great toward Hawaii, and Sir Julian Pauncefote, under instructions from his Government, has informed the Department of State that the committee is under an entire misapprehension, and that there is no ground whatever for the allegations contained in the statement.

is no ground whatever for the allegations contained in the statement. The passage referred to says that "if Great Brittain is not industriously and openly engaged in fomenting the concerted movement for the destruction of the republic and the restoration of the monarchy on its ruins, her agents and the Princess, her protegé, are kept conveniently near at hand to fasten her nower upon the islands on the happening of any pretext for the protection of the lives and property of British subjects in Hawait."

SITUATION IN NORTH CAROLINA.

FUSION OF SILVER AND GOLD DEMOCRATS. POPU-LISTS AND REPUBLICANS SOUGHT Washington, March 2t (Special) -It is said that Dr.

J. J. Mott, of silver fame, is down in "Nort Calliny" talking fusion "some more." The doctor's fusion ideas are somewhat enlarged since the last Presidential campaign. It is true he is still harping on a combination of "all the elements favoring silver," but his definition of those elements is slightly broader and his horoscope for 1900 correspondingly brighter. The doctor is nothing if not sanguine. The statement goes that he claims there will be, in all probability, a political movement in North Carocomprising the Silver Democrats and those Gold Democrats who train with the party, also the Populists and a large number of Republicans

the Populists and a large number of Republicans under the leadership of Governor Russell.

The only thing interesting in this is the last-mentioned part of the claim. Even that is not entirely new, as there have been indications for some time past that the Executive of Jorth Carolina leaned strongly to the Populists, with whose leader, Senator Butter, he has affiliated. While Dr. Mort is an optimist, there is no doubt good ground for thinking that a realisament of parties is in process in the Old North State. He may be entirely disappointed, however, in the numerical part of his calculations. The great mass of Republicans have always remained true to their party, and are likely to do so in the future, no matter what course may be pursued by Governor Russell. But it is not yet certain what the Populists will do if they are not accorded the nomination for Vice-President. They are now trying to make deals with both parties, as usual between campaigns.

INTERNAL REVENUE INCREASING.

A GAIN OF \$11.506,550 IN THE EIGHT MONTHS OF THE PRESENT FISCAL YEAR. Washington, March 21.-The monthly statement

of the collections of internal revenue issued to-day shows that the receipts during February from all sources amounted to \$11,986,550, a gain as compared with February, 1897, of \$1,257,533. The receipts for the eight months of the present fiscal year were \$110,884,524, an increase over the same period last year of \$11,565,550.

The principal increases during February are as follows: Whiskey, \$600,115; cigars and cheroots, \$107,704; cigarettes, \$121,499; beer, \$250,542.

Springs open for Guests from June 15 to Oct. 1.

STROYED BY EXTERNAL EXPLOSION.

NOUNCED FOR THURSDAY-INTERVENTION

rial for starvation to work upon is giving out.

generally would rise and declare themselves. The members of his party saw all classes of